UNX511 Week 9 Class 1

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- \cdot Recall that the shell provides pipes
- A mechanism for connecting the output of one process to the input of another
- Shell pipes are unidirectional
- Shell pipes connect processes on the same machine, with a common ancestor process
- $\cdot\,$ The shell creates pipes using the pipe IPC method

- Pipes and FIFOs are inter process communication mechanisms
- FIFOs short for "first in, first out"
 - Also known as "named pipes" since they appear in the filesystem
- For communication between processes on a single machine
- Pipes and FIFOs are unidirectional
- Pipes can only be used by related processes (common ancestor)
- FIFOs can be used by unrelated processes, as long as they have permission to open the pipe in the filesystem
- Pipes and FIFOs predate IP protocols (e.g. UNIX domain sockets) on UNIX machines

Creating and Using Pipes

- A pipe is created by calling the pipe(2) system call
- Pass a two element integer array to pipe()
- \cdot pipe() returns two file descriptors in the array
 - $\cdot\,$ The first for read, the second for write
- These file descriptors can be dup()'d or inherited by child processes
- One process write()s then close()s
- The other read()s until eof-of-file, then close()s
- The kernel provides intermediate buffer space "within"' the pipe
- See pipe(7) for an overview of pipes and FIFOs
- See also **popen(3)** for an easy way to run a command in a pipe

- Call mkfifo(3) (or mkfifo(1)) to create a named pipe in the file system
- Then processes can open the pipe for read or write subject to normal filesystem permission
- \cdot The kernel provides intermediate buffer space "within" the FIFO
- Nothing actually gets written to disk it's just a device
- \cdot Very similar to the bidirectional UNIX domain socket

- You're allowed to have multiple readers and writers on pipes and FIFOs
- $\cdot\,$ But I imagine it might not be predictable or easy to use
- Multiple writers should be careful to write a single block in an atomic write() operation
- I don't know if multiple readers each get a copy of all input, or if it's first come, first served

- Let's have a look in unx511_samples
- week9_1/1_pipes various pipe examples
- week9_1/2_fifos FIFO examples

- mkfifo(1) mkfifo(2) pipe(2) popen(3) dup(2)
- https://github-pages.senecapolytechnic.ca/unx511/Week9/ Week9.html

- Pipes and FIFOs more IPC mechanisms
- There are restrictions
- \cdot These pre-date IP networking in UNIX
- Pipes are necessary in the shell
- Otherwise, some might argue IP networking is often a better choice